SOIL - WATER INTERACTION EXEMPLIFIED IN THE SLOVAKIA-AUSTRIA MORAVA REGION: EFFORTS TO USE SOIL PROFILES IN FLOOD MANAGEMENT AND FLOOD PROTECTION

Breiling M., B. Houšková, T. Huether, E. Klaghofer, M. Nikolaj, M. Saksa, M. Svicek, J. Sobocká, July 4th, Bari, Italy, EUROSOIL 2012 "Soil science for the Benefit of Mankind and Environment"

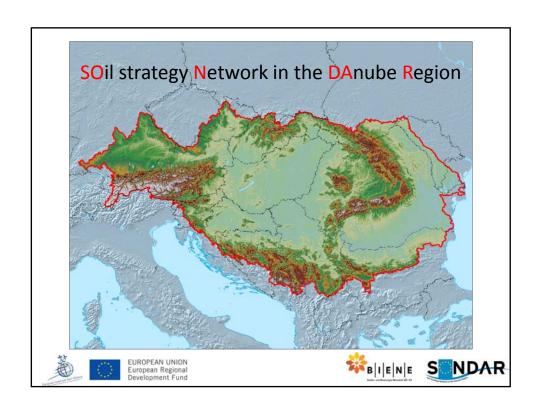
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What is SONDAR?

- An interface between soil science and soil practice at the local and regional level throughout the Danube River Basin
- The transfer of soil knowledge to a general public that needs it and has not yet an appropriate level of awareness
- A network supported within the "ARGE Donauländer" of regions and provinces along the Danube River.
 - http://www.argedonau.at/neu/index.htm
- Supports the Danube Strategy of the EU with particular concern of Activity 6 that explicit mentions "soils"
 - http://www.oerok.gv.at/fileadmin/Bilder/2.Reiter-Raum_u. Region/4.Europ-Raumentwicklung/Makroregionen/EUSDR/Docs/2010-12 EUSDR Communication EN.pdf









How does SONDAR work?

- Builds on long established contacts of soil and environmental scientists within the Danube region.
- SONDAR rises soil awareness through out the region
 - E.g. with projects like "Colors of the Earth" where school children paint with soil colors of their region
- Close cooperation with the European Land and Soil Alliance ELSA (established in 2001) and with ENSA (established in 2009)
- Since 2010 until 2015 three projects in the European Regional Development Fund
 - In total € 2 million for soil related projects including 18 partners
 - BIENE is the lead partner and coordinator of these activities









SONDAR SK-AT Project (2010 to 2013)

- Is one project in the European Regional Development Fund
 - Covers four partners, two each from SK and AT:
 - Soil Fertility Reserach Institute VUPOP,
 - VODOHOSODÁRSKA VÝSTAVBA, ŠTÁTNY PODNIK Water Ways Construction Institute VVB,
 - BOKU University of Life Sciences, Vienna
 - BIENE Soil and Bio-energy Network of European Countries
 - Scientific aspects of project are covered in WP3 related to soil-water interaction









What is Activity 3 of SONDAR SK-AT?

- WP3 of the SONDAR SK-AT project investigates "soil as indicator of flood occurence"
 - Examplified at Morava River, one of the 15 major tributaries of the Danube River,
 - Additionally Morava River is the border between Slovakia and Austria
 - And on two villages situated in the border region of Slovakia and Austria, Zahorska Ves and Angern, our core target area in the region
 - Can soil profiles become an indicator for flood risk also in other parts of the Danube Region?
 - How to share the findings with other regions in the Danube region?









The expected products: from science to public

- Risk maps
 - To indicate risks of floods based on soil maps
 - To allow prevention of flood natural hazards
 - To provide protection to the citizens and stakeholders
- Hand books
 - Training opportunities on how to use soil risk maps
 - Fire brigades & Rescue teams
 - Local NGOs
 - Planning divisions
- Train the trainers seminars









Agenda 2010 to 2013

- Selection of the target area (2011)
- Providing documentation materials (data, maps for the cross-border target area 2011/12)
- Harmonized methodology and approaches in terms of soil maps (2012)
- Target area definition (2012)
- Selection of model approaches and verification (2012)
- Involvement of fire brigades, local NGOs (2012/13)
- Transmissions of results to other regions of Danube Region (2013)











Assumptions and Method

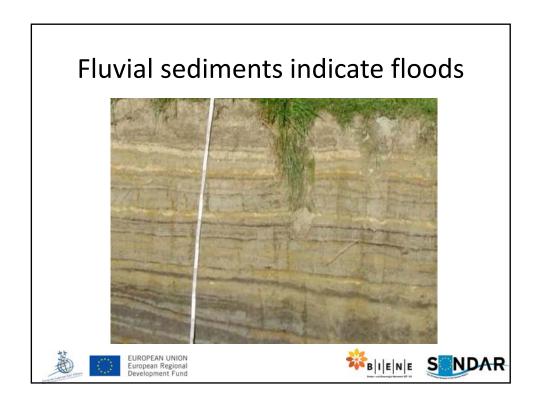
- Fluvial sediments may indicate flood events during the last 1000 years
- In the soil profile these sediments are well diagnosed.
- In Morava river the last major floods were registered in 1996, 2002 and 2006
- Identifying of such areas could be made on the basis of soil units mapping (Fluvisols and Gleysols)

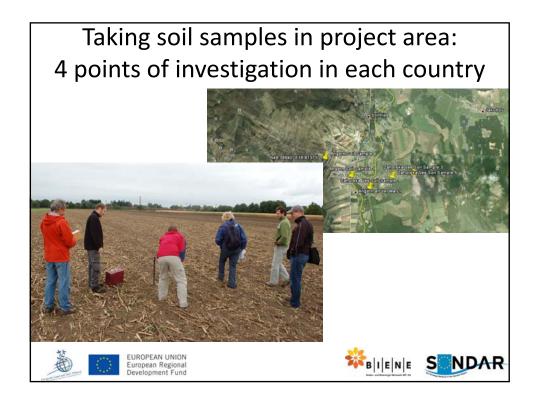


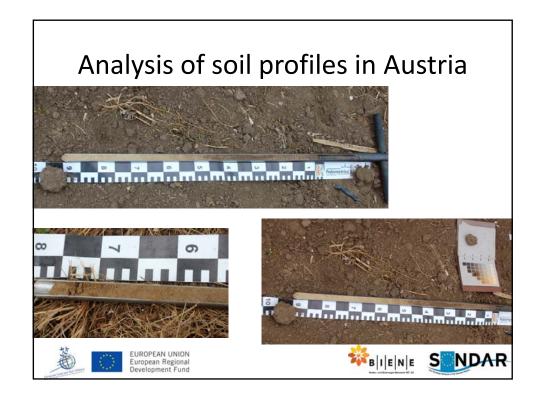


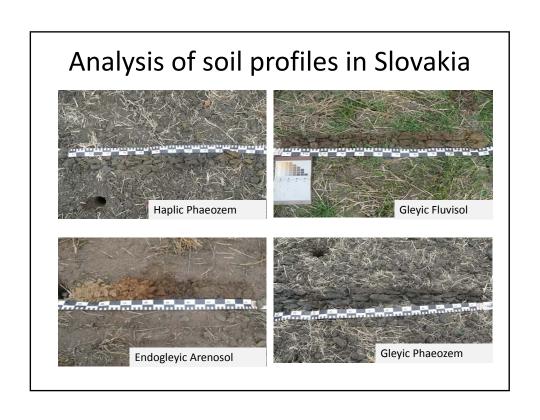
















Soil maps/GIS layers available in Austria

- Soil types overview maps (1:100,000)
- Large scale soil maps (1:25,000)
- Agricultural taxation map (1:1,000)
- Ortho-photo maps and aereal photos
- Maps produced by digital elevation model
- High river stage assessment HQ 300
- Historical maps (different scales)









Soil maps/GIS layers available for Slovakia

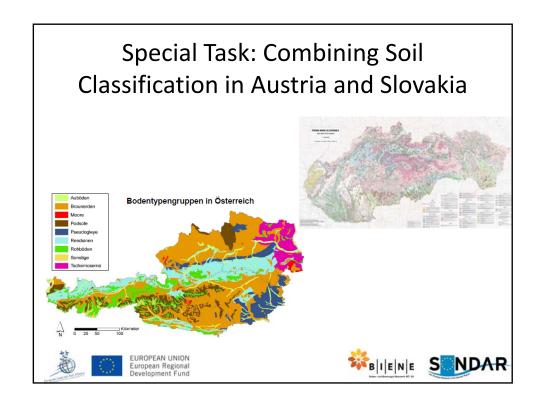
- Soil types and subtypes maps (1:5,000)
- Soil-ecological units maps (1:5,000)
- Remote sensing maps (orthophoto maps) and satellite images for flooding events identification
- Land use map (1:5,000)
- Digital terrain map (DTM) (1:5,000)
- Flooding zones according to modelled hydrophysical data
- Soil water retention capacity map

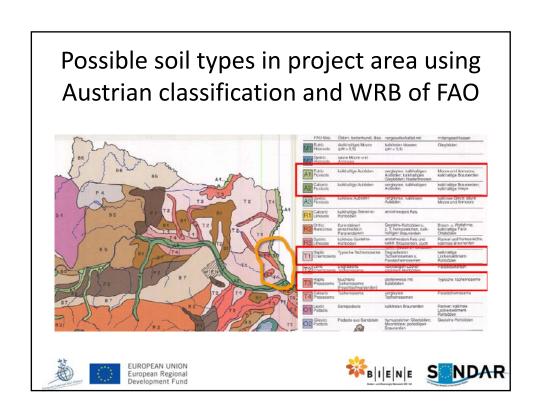


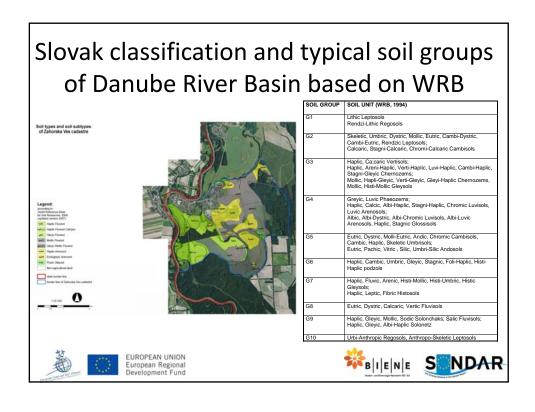


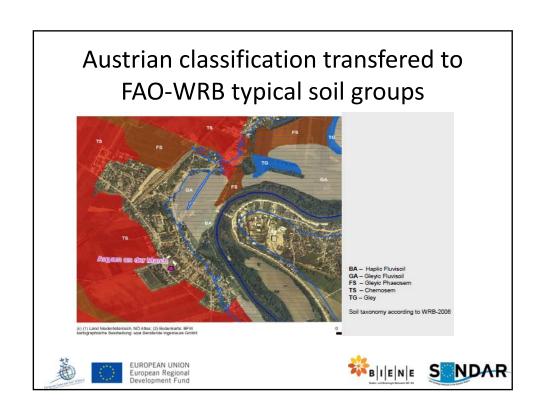














Risk Maps in Project Area

- Generation of Project Region Maps "Soils Indicating Flood Risk" (Work in progress)
 - Two kinds of floods
 - Surface water/river run-off flood influence on soil type
 - Ground water flood influence on soil type
 - Interaction of surface- and ground water system in relation to soil type
- Examination with experience of recent flood events
- Expert judgement on the weight of influence in relation to each soil type









Feed back to "history line" in soil profiles

- Verifications needed (work in progress)
 - Indication of floods is not equal in each soil type
 - Soil profiles are disturbed in case of agricultural use.
 - Ground water influence has to be considered
 - Weighting of disturbances in relation to each soil type
- Each soil type will tell the history in a slightly modified way.









Evaluation of flood risks in larger region(s)

- The border area SK-AT along Morava River
 - will be analyzed with regard to flood risk based on soil maps
 - Zahorska Ves/Angern is a smaller part of this region
- The Danube River Basin (DRB)
 - In how far our findings can be used throughout the DRB?
 - An outlook for the regional use will be provided by the
 - The project results should be verified at other regions in the DRB– this however is not subject of the project here.









Summary

- A methodology based on the combination of soil profile analysis and soil maps was developed to assess flood risks
- The information of soil profile analysis is extracted by scientists to inform people having access to soil maps but no hazard zoning planning.
- Soil maps will become more important for local stakeholders in assessing flood risks.









Thank you!

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